

**PSC 585: Dynamic Models – Structure, Computation, &
Estimation**

SPRING 2016
TR 10:00-12:00
HARKNESS 329

Prof. Tasos Kalandrakis
Office: Harkness 109C
Email: kalandrakis@rochester.edu
Office Hours: T 1:00-3:00pm

Dynamic considerations are becoming increasingly important in the study of such political processes as legislative policy making, elections and the interaction of political and macroeconomic cycles, stability of international systems, the conduct of war, etc. The course provides theoretical and computational tools for the analysis and estimation of models of strategic interaction with an emphasis on dynamic games. In the first half of the course theory and numerical methods for Markov chains, dynamic programming, and dynamic games are covered in some detail. In the second half we focus on the formulation and estimation of dynamic structural models with an emphasis on efficient numerical algorithms. Applications are drawn from legislative environments, elections, and international relations. Special attention is devoted to models of multilateral bargaining. The goal of the course is to equip graduate students with analytical tools and numerical techniques that can be used in their future research on applied topics.

Political science students are expected to have taken the first-year sequence in formal theory, PSC 407 and 408, as well as PSC 584. Some familiarity with a programming language is a plus, but the dedicated student should be able to acquire basic programming skills needed for the course. MATLAB will be the default programming language in class and for assignments. The textbook by Miranda and Fackler offers a *MATLAB Primer* in the appendix to get you started if you are unfamiliar with this environment.

There will be approximately bi-weekly homework assignments and a final exam. Each assignment will encompass a mix of theoretical and applied problems with an emphasis on the latter. You will be expected to write your own code and implement numerical methods related to the various course

topics. Once during the semester you will also team up with fellow classmates in order to present a comparative assessment of submitted assignment computer code in class.

There are three textbooks for the course.

- N. Stokey and R. Lucas with E. Prescott (1989) *Recursive Methods in Economic Dynamics*, Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press.
- M. Miranda and P. Fackler (2002) *Applied Computational Economics and Finance*, Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
- K. Judd (1998) *Numerical Methods in Economics*, Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.

The books by Judd and Miranda and Fackler are also available online via the University library. Referenced articles are available electronically via JSTOR or similar electronic sources.

The content of the course is broken into five sections. Additional numerical methods and applications are interspersed throughout the semester. In the highly unlikely case that time permits we will consider additional topics mentioned at the end of the list.

Because the course draws from a diverse pool of literatures in Political Science, Economics, Operations Research, Computer Science, and Statistics, some choices must be made as to depth of coverage of various topics. First, necessary numerical methods are introduced when needed instead of in a separate dedicated segment of the course. You can expect fairly complete coverage of linear and non-linear equation solvers, numerical optimization, integration, and function interpolation and approximation. Second, in the interest of getting to structural estimation earlier and leaving enough time for applications, we will place an emphasis on the finite state space theory of Markov chains and Dynamic programming, providing shorter but informative overviews of the new issues that arise in the continuous state space as needed. Third, some of the topics and readings referenced below are mathematically demanding. Mathematical background will be provided as necessary throughout the course and, where appropriate, simplified versions of the readings will be presented.

SCHEDULE

TOPIC 1 MARKOV CHAINS

Finite and infinite state spaces. Classification of states. Long-term stability. Invariant distributions. Spectral Theory. Strong Law of Large Numbers.

Related readings: Stokey-Lucas-Prescott, chapters 11, 14. Miranda and Fackler, chapter 5. Judd, chapter 7. Class notes. [13], [21], [48], [53], [63], [64].

TOPIC 2 DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING

Finite and infinite state space. Bellman equation. Principle of optimality. Uncertainty. Value iteration. Policy iteration. Gauss-Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel. Error bounds. Approximate policy iteration.

Related readings: Stokey-Lucas-Prescott, chapters 4, 9. Miranda and Fackler, chapters 7.1, 8.1-8.4. 12.1. Miranda and Fackler, chapters 6. Judd, chapters 6, 11, 12. [58], [60]. Class notes.

TOPIC 3 DYNAMIC GAMES

Stochastic games. Determinacy of equilibrium and equilibrium outcome distributions. Structure theorems. Computation of Nash equilibrium. Homotopy methods.

Related readings: Miranda and Fackler, chapter 8.5. Class notes. [17], [22], [23], [27], [28], [31], [41]. Miranda and Fackler, chapter 9. Judd, chapters 4.9, 5. [12], [14], [19], [24], [25], [29], [33], [32], [30], [44], [55], [65], [66], [67].

TOPIC 4 DYNAMIC STRUCTURAL MODELS

Dynamic Discrete Choice models. The Generalized Extreme Value distribution model. Dynamic Quantal Response Equilibrium. Identification. Maximum Likelihood. Two- and n -step estimators. Minimum distance, GMM, MSM estimators. The MPEC approach.

Related readings: Class notes. [2], [11], [6], [26], [37], [40], [42], [43], [45], [54], [58], [61]. [1], [3], [4], [5], [8], [9], [10], [20], [35], [34], [36], [39], [49], [50], [51], [52], [56], [57], [59], [62].

TOPIC 5 BARGAINING GAMES

Structure. Computation. Identification and Estimation.

Related readings: Class notes. [46], [15], [47], [18], [38]. More class notes.

ADDITIONAL TOPICS: LARGE STATE SPACES, CONTINUOUS TIME MODELS

Equilibrium notions for models with large state space. Models of continuous time.

Related readings: [68], [69]. Miranda and Fackler, chapter 10-11. [7], [16].

References

- [1] V Aguirregabiria and P Mira. Swapping the nested fixed point algorithm: A class of estimators for discrete Markov decision models. *Econometrica*, 70(4):1519–1543, JUL 2002.
- [2] Victor Aguirregabiria. Another Look at the Identification of Dynamic Discrete Decision Processes: An Application to Retirement Behavior. *Journal of Business & Economic Statistics*, 28(2):201–218, APR 2010.
- [3] Victor Aguirregabiria and Pedro Mira. Sequential estimation of dynamic discrete games. *Econometrica*, 75(1):1–53, JAN 2007.
- [4] Victor Aguirregabiria and Pedro Mira. Dynamic discrete choice structural models: A survey. *Journal of Econometrics*, 156(1):38–67, MAY 2010.
- [5] Andres Aradillas-Lopez. Semiparametric estimation of a simultaneous game with incomplete information. *Journal of Econometrics*, 157(2):409–431, AUG 2010.
- [6] Andres Aradillas-Lopez and Elie Tamer. The identification power of equilibrium in simple games. *Journal of Business & Economic Statistics*, 26(3):261–283, JUL 2008.
- [7] P Arcidiacono, Pat Bayer, Jason Blevins, and Paul Ellickson. Estimation of dynamic discrete choice models in continuous time with an application to retail competition. *Duke University*, 2013.

- [8] P Arcidiacono and Robert Miller. Conditional choice probability estimation of dynamic discrete choice models with unobserved heterogeneity. *Econometrica*, 79(6):1823–1867, 2011.
- [9] Patrick Bajari, C. Lanier Benkard, and Jonathan Levin. Estimating dynamic models of imperfect competition. *Econometrica*, 75(5):1331–1370, SEP 2007.
- [10] Patrick Bajari, Han Hong, John Krainer, and Denis Nekipelov. Estimating Static Models of Strategic Interactions. *Journal of Business & Economic Statistics*, 28(4):469–482, OCT 2010.
- [11] Patrick Bajari, Han Hong, and Stephen P. Ryan. Identification and Estimation of a Discrete Game of Complete Information. *Econometrica*, 78(5):1529–1568, SEP 2010.
- [12] Ron N. Borkovsky, Ulrich Doraszelski, and Yaroslav Kryukov. A User’s Guide to Solving Dynamic Stochastic Games Using the Homotopy Method. *Operations Research*, 58(4, Part 2 Sp. Iss. SI):1116–1132, JUL-AUG 2010.
- [13] G Casella, KL Mengersen, CP Robert, and DM Titterington. Perfect samplers for mixtures of distributions. *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society Series B-Statistical Methodology*, 64(Part 4):777–790, 2002.
- [14] C. Daskalakis, P.W. Goldberg, and C. H. Papadimitriou. The complexity of computing a nash equilibrium. *SIAM Journal of Computing*, 39(1):195–259, 2009.
- [15] D. Diermeier, H. Eraslan, and A. Merlo. A structural model of government formation. *Econometrica*, 71(1):27–70, 2003.
- [16] U. Doraszelski and K. Judd. Avoiding the curse of dimensionality in dynamic stochastic games. *Harvard University*, 2010.
- [17] Ulrich Doraszelski and Juan Escobar. A theory of regular markov perfect equilibria in dynamic stochastic games: Genericity, stability, and purification. *Theoretical Economics*, 5:369–402, 2010.
- [18] J. Duggan and T. Kalandrakis. A newton collocation method for solving dynamic games. *Social Choice and Welfare*, 36:611–650, 2011.

- [19] Federico Echenique. Finding all equilibria in games of strategic complements. *Journal of Economic Theory*, 135(1):514–532, JUL 2007.
- [20] Federico Echenique and Ivana Komunjer. Testing Models With Multiple Equilibria by Quantile Methods. *Econometrica*, 77(4):1281–1297, JUL 2009.
- [21] JA Fill. An interruptible algorithm for perfect sampling via Markov chains. *Annals of Applied Probability*, 8(1):131–162, FEB 1998.
- [22] S. Govindan and A. McLennan. On the generic finiteness of equilibrium outcome distributions in game forms. *Econometrica*, 69(2):455–471, 2001.
- [23] S. Govindan and R. Wilson. Structure theorems for game trees. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.*, 99:9077–9080, 2002.
- [24] S. Govindan and R. Wilson. A global Newton method to compute Nash equilibria. *Journal of Economic Theory*, 110(1):65–86, MAY 2003.
- [25] S. Govindan and R. Wilson. Global Newton Method for stochastic games. *Journal of Economic Theory*, 144(1):414–421, JAN 2009.
- [26] Philip A. Haile, Ali Hortacsu, and Grigory Kosenok. On the empirical content of quantal response equilibrium. *American Economic Review*, 98(1):180–200, MAR 2008.
- [27] H. Haller and R. Lagunoff. Genericity and markovian behavior in stochastic games. *Econometrica*, 68:1231–1248, 2000.
- [28] J.C. Harsanyi. Oddness of the number of equilibrium points: A new proof. *International Journal of Game Theory*, 2:235–250, 1973.
- [29] JC Harsanyi. The tracing procedure: A bayesian approach to defining a solution for n-person noncooperative games. *International Journal of Game Theory*, 4(2):61–94, 1975.
- [30] P. Jean-Jacques Herings and Ronald Peeters. Homotopy methods to compute equilibria in game theory. *Economic Theory*, 42(1):119–156, JAN 2010.

- [31] P.J.J. Herings and R. Peeters. Stationary equilibria in stochastic games: Structure, selection, and computation. *Journal of Economic Theory*, 118:32–60, 2004.
- [32] PJJ Herings and R Peeters. A globally convergent algorithm to compute all Nash equilibria for n-person games. *Annals of Operations Research*, 137(1-4):349–368, 2005.
- [33] PJJ Herings and RJAP Peeters. A differentiable homotopy to compute Nash equilibria of n-person games. *Economic Theory*, 18(1):159–185, JUN 2001.
- [34] VJ Hotz and R.A. Miller. Conditional choice probabilities and the estimation of dynamic models. *Review of Economic Studies*, 60(3):497–529, JUL 1993.
- [35] VJ Hotz, RA Miller, S Sanders, and J Smith. A simulation estimator for dynamic models of discrete choice. *Review of Economic Studies*, 61(2):265–289, APR 1994.
- [36] Susumu Imai, Neelam Jain, and Andrew Ching. Bayesian Estimation of Dynamic Discrete Choice Models. *Econometrica*, 77(6):1865–1899, NOV 2009.
- [37] B Jovanovic. Observable implications of models with multiple equilibria. *Econometrica*, 57(6):1431–1437, NOV 1989.
- [38] T. Kalandrakis. Computation of equilibrium values in the baron and ferejohn bargaining model. *Games and Economic Behavior*, 94:29–38, 2015.
- [39] Hiroyuki Kasahara and Katsumi Shimotsu. Pseudo-likelihood estimation and bootstrap inference for structural discrete Markov decision models. *Journal of Econometrics*, 146(1):92–106, SEP 2008.
- [40] Hiroyuki Kasahara and Katsumi Shimotsu. Nonparametric Identification of Finite Mixture Models of Dynamic Discrete Choices. *Econometrica*, 77(1):135–175, JAN 2009.
- [41] D. Kreps and R. Wilson. Sequential equilibria. *Econometrica*, 50:863–894, 1982.

- [42] T Magnac and D Thesmar. Identifying dynamic discrete decision processes. *Econometrica*, 70(2):801–816, MAR 2002.
- [43] R.L. Matzkin. *Restrictions of Economic Theory in Nonparametric Methods*, volume 4 of *Handbook of Econometrics*, chapter 42. Elsevier, 1994.
- [44] RD McKelvey and A McLennan. *Computation of equilibria in finite games*, volume 1 of *Handbook of Computational Economics*, chapter 2. Elsevier, 1994.
- [45] RD McKelvey and TR Palfrey. Quantal response equilibria for normal-form games. *Games and Economic Behavior*, 10(1):6–38, JUL 1995.
- [46] A. Merlo. Bargaining over governments in a stochastic environment. *Journal of Political Economy*, 105:101–131, 1997.
- [47] A. Merlo and X. Tang. Identification and estimation of stochastic bargaining models. *Econometrica*, 80(4):1563–1604, 2012.
- [48] Kazuo Nishimura and John Stachurski. Perfect simulation of stationary equilibria. *Journal of Economic Dynamics & Control*, 34(4):577–584, APR 2010.
- [49] Andriy Norets. Inference in Dynamic Discrete Choice Models with Serially Correlated Unobserved State Variables. *Econometrica*, 77(5):1665–1682, SEP 2009.
- [50] Ariel Pakes, Michael Ostrovsky, and Steven Berry. Simple estimators for the parameters of discrete dynamic games (with entry/exit examples). *RAND Journal of Economics*, 38(2):373–399, SUM 2007.
- [51] Martin Pesendorfer and Philipp Schmidt-Dengler. Asymptotic least squares estimators for dynamic games. *Review of Economic Studies*, 75(3):901–928, JUL 2008.
- [52] Martin Pesendorfer and Philipp Schmidt-Dengler. Sequential Estimation of Dynamic Discrete Games: A Comment. *Econometrica*, 78(2):833–842, MAR 2010.
- [53] JG Propp and DB Wilson. Exact sampling with coupled Markov chains and applications to statistical mechanics. *Random Structures & Algorithms*, 9(1-2):223–252, AUG-SEP 1996.

- [54] PC Reiss. Empirical models of discrete strategic choices. *American Economic Review*, 86(2):421–426, MAY 1996.
- [55] T. Roughgarden. Computing equilibria: a computational complexity perspective. *Economic Theory*, 42(1):193–236, 2010.
- [56] J Rust. Optimal replacement of gmc bus engines - an empirical model of harold zurcher. *Econometrica*, 55(5):999–1033, SEP 1987.
- [57] J Rust. Maximum-likelihood estimation of discrete control processes. *SIAM Journal on Control and Optimization*, 26(5):1006–1024, SEP 1988.
- [58] J Rust. *Numerical dynamic programming in economics*, volume 1 of *Handbook of Computational Economics*, chapter 14. Elsevier, 1994.
- [59] Manuel S. Santos. Consistency properties of a simulation-based estimator for dynamic processes. *Annals of Applied Probability*, 20(1):196–213, FEB 2010.
- [60] MS Santos and J Rust. Convergence properties of policy iteration. *SIAM Journal on Control and Optimization*, 42(6):2094–2115, 2004.
- [61] CR Taber. Semiparametric identification and heterogeneity in discrete choice dynamic programming models. *Journal of Econometrics*, 96(2):201–229, JUN 2000.
- [62] X Tang. Estimating simultaneous games with incomplete information under median restrictions. *Economics Letters*, (273-276), 2010.
- [63] G Tauchen. Finite state Markov chain approximations to univariate and vector autoregressions. *Economics Letters*, 20(2):177–181, 1986.
- [64] G Tauchen, G and R Hussey. Quadrature-based methods for obtaining approximate solutions to nonlinear asset pricing models. *Econometrica*, 59(2):371–396, MAR 1991.
- [65] TL Turocy. A dynamic homotopy interpretation of the logistic quantal response equilibrium correspondence. *Games and Economic Behavior*, 51(2):243–263, MAY 2005.

- [66] TL Turocy. Computing sequential equilibria using agent quantal response equilibria. *Economic Theory*, 42(1):255–269, JAN 2010.
- [67] L Watson. Globally convergent homotopy algorithms for nonlinear systems of equations. *Nonlinear Dynamics*, 1:143–191, 1990.
- [68] G. Y. Weintraub, C. L. Benkard, and B. Van Roy. Markov perfect industry dynamics with many firms. *Econometrica*, 76(6):1375–1411, 2008.
- [69] G. Y. Weintraub, C. L. Benkard, and B. Van Roy. Computational methods for oblivious equilibrium. *Operations Research*, 58(4):1247–1265, 2010.