# Chm 286/486: Today's Agenda

## **Introduction and Overview**

Initial Info,

Purpose, goals

## **Course web site**

Reference materials

Grading

Page with Lecture Notes

Topical outline, lecture plan

Research projects

Example of statistical energy data

## **0&1:** Sustainability (of Human Civilization) in the Anthropocene

W. Udo Schröder, 2024

# Energy: Science, Technology & Society (chm 268/468 Phy285)



 Is natural gas too volatile? • Does solar have a sunny future? Are wind farms overblown? Is biofuel foolish? Can we bet on batteries? Is lithium limitless? Are new nukes a No-No? Tritium troubles in fusion? Too many waves on hydropower? Geothermal only for Icelanders? Fearing geo-engineering? • Is NIMBY an option?

Is fracking freaking you out?

Plenty of advocates, as well as opponents, for any course of action!

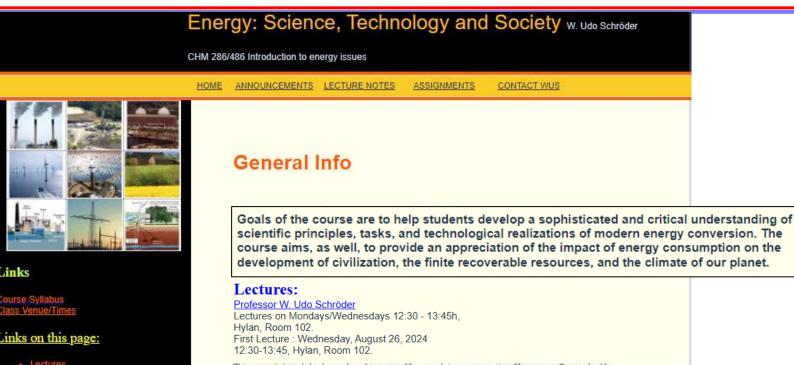
## Goal of course:

Develop critical understanding of scientific issues, technical principles and potential of sustainable energy 'generation," distribution and management.

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W. Udo Schröder, 2024

## https://www.sas.rochester.edu/chm/courses/chm286\_486/index.html



This course is intended to be conducted in terms of 2 per week in-person meetings. However, as Campus health concerns may arise this fall, it may have to be given in a virtual format, with 2 per week on-line lectures on the ZOOM platform. As per current UR protocol, classes are held in person, but wearing a properly fitted face mask is required for all.

This course follows the UR College Credit Hour Policy for 4-credit courses. The class meets two times per week, each for 1.5 academic hours. The course also includes regular out-of-class reading and preparatory assignments. Students are encouraged to use regular office hours held by instructor and TA, which are meant to answer questions and/or help students with reading, homework and projects. Additionally, students are also expected to complete an additional 8 hours of supplementary work per week on sets of homework and research for 2 research papers.

#### **Office Hours**

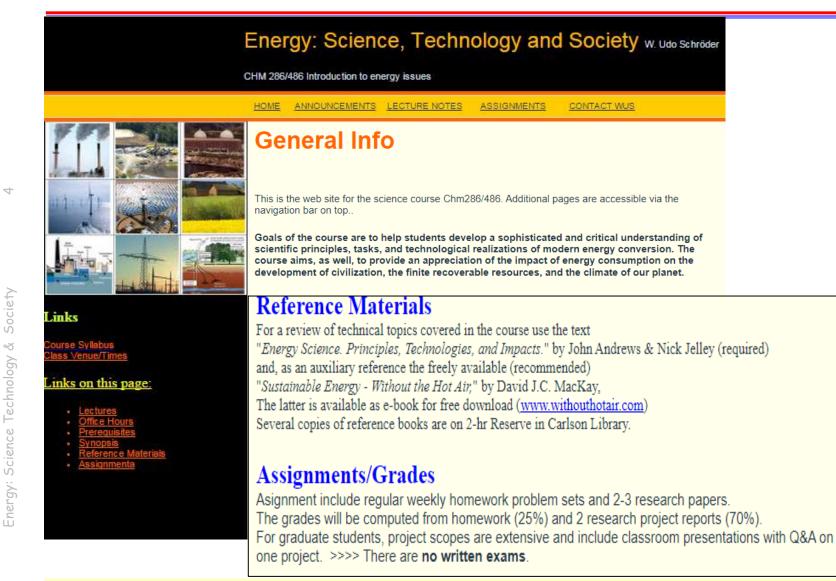
W. Udo Schröder: Tuesdays, 12:00 - 1:30 p.m., Hutchison Hall (<u>HH</u>) 466 or, by appointment (275-8263), <u>schroeder@chem.rochester.edu</u>

Teaching Assistant, TBA Hutchison Hall, Wednesdays, TBA, or by appointment.

#### Prerequisites

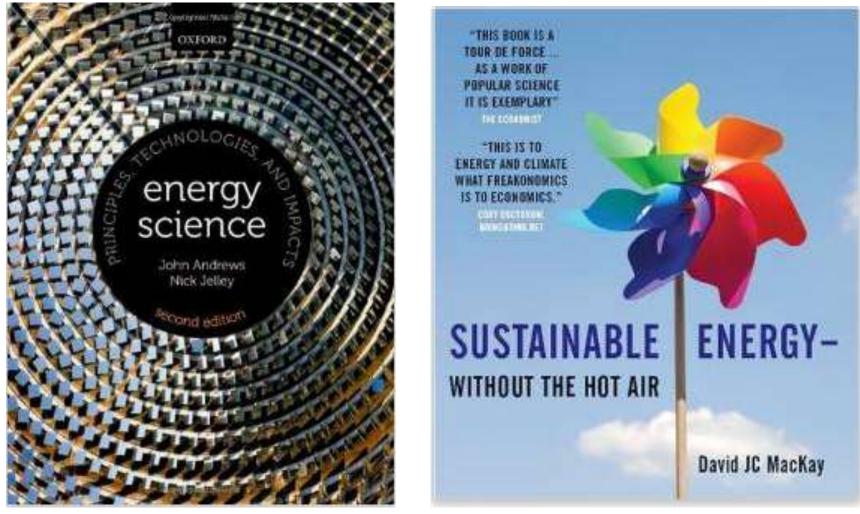
Familiarity with basic calculus, principles of modern physics and chemistry, or by special permission

## https://www.sas.rochester.edu/chm/courses/chm286\_486/index.html



Assignments (fractional grade): Homework sets (25%), 2 research papers (70%), Misc. (5%)

# **Technical Reference Texts**



Free e-copy down loadable at Andrew & Jelley (2<sup>nd</sup> edition): http://www.withouthotair.com/

Plus resources on specific topics, e.g., IPCC, NAS or IEA reports, statistics.

Main reference textbook

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# **Topical Outline**

### The Big Picture: Human Energy Utilization and Environmental Consequences

Sustainability, managing finite resources/policies(US), external costs of energy management (Illustrations) Climate factor: Atmospheric chemistry and physics, greenhouse effect, pollution and climate change

#### **Energy Demand/Uses, Past and Outlook**

History of energy technologies, current energy demand, outlook to 2050, fuel reserves, resource estimates

#### Energy Conversion/Harvesting, Science and Technology

Equivalent forms of work, energy, energy units , basic mechanics and thermodynamics, electro-chemistry Heat engines, power plants, batteries and fuel cells, electricity, motors and generators, AC/DC Geothermal energy harvesting, prospects Basic hydrodynamics, wind and hydro-power generation Physics and chemistry of solar cells, PV and thermos-solar generation Energy from biomass, Nuclear fission power, small 4S generators, radio-thermal generators; Nuclear fusion technology

#### **Energy Distribution and Storage Infrastructure**

Fuel transport, electrical grid (dumb and smart), cyber security, energy storage technologies,

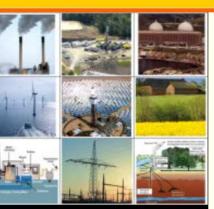
#### **Energy Strategies: Potential and Risks**

Risk factors for environment, health and climate, hydrocarbon fuel technologies (clean coal, CCS, shale, synfuels) Nuclear power (new nukes, fusion), development of renewable energy sources, energy efficiency, conservation

#### **Energy Policies vs. Public Attitudes**

Diversification of energy technologies, electrification of transport, residential, industrial sectors, Selective subsidies of energy technologies, energy conservation strategies Changing public attitudes through education.

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#### inks on this page:

- Disclaimer
- Energy & Sustainability
- Work & Energy
- Renewables
- Demand & Resources
- Conventional Technologies
- Fuel & Energy Grids
- External Costs
- Realistic Policies
- Smart Use/Grids

## **Lecture Notes**

0. Introduction/Survey (pdf)

#### 1. The Big Picture:Sustainability in the Anthropocene

- Human habitat and resources (pdf1)(pdf2) Tools and fuels in human history (pdf1, pdf2)
- Civil organization and environmental footprint (pdf)(pdf). Resources and their allocation Environmental footprint, pollution, climate (pdf1, pdf2) Earth climate variations and trends (pdf3) Atmospheric greenhouse model
- Public policies: mitigation vs.adaptation to changing climate (pdf). Stated policies, transition to renwable resources, carbon capture & sequestration, geoengineering
  - ......Tutorial:..Interactions of radiation w. matter / (pdf) ......Auxiliary Materials ......NAS Climate Report 2010 (web, loc) ......IPCC AR6 Executive Summary 2023 (pdf), long,
  - ......NAS Policy GHG Mitigation report (web)

#### 2. Work and Energy: The Basic Science

- 1. Work and energy forms (pdf)
- ..... Potential and kinetic energy, pV work, heat, equilibration (pdf)
- ..... Molecular binding and rearrangement energies

#### 2. Thermodynamic principles (pdf1, pdf2)

- ..... Laws of Thermodynamics, state functions, reversible processes (pdf1)
- ..... Electro-chemistry, batteries, hydrolyzers & fuel cells (pdf)
- ..... Carnot and other TD cycles, steam engines, gas turbines, (pdf2)

#### 3. Electricity basics

- ..... Electronic circuits, reactance in AC transmission (pdf)
- ..... Electric motors, generators, transformers (pdf)

#### 3. Generation Technology: Renewable Energy

- 1. Solar power, concentrated and photo-voltaic
- . .... Solar concentrated (thermal) power (pdf),
- ...Solar photo-voltaic energy conversion (pdf1)(pdf2)



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# Lecture Plan

The Big Picture: Energy and the Environment

Sustainability, external costs of energy management, History of energy use and technologies in illustrations

Work and Energy, the Basic Science Equivalent forms of work, energy, power, energy units, Energy balance in material transformations, Fundamentals of thermal engines, electricity

#### **Renewable Energy Technologies and their Scientific Foundation**

Solar concentrated (thermal), geothermal energy conversion, Physics and chemistry of photovoltaic solar cells, Basic hydrodynamics of working media Wind power generation, hydro-powerplants Hydropower resource development

# P1 Research Project #1, 2.5-3 weeks

P2 Research Project #2, 2.5-3 weeks

#### **Conventional Energy Technologies, Use and Outlook** Energy from Biomass and synthetic fuels Fossil fuel demand and resources Thermal power plants, reciprocal engines, internal combustion Steam turbines and thermal power plants, efficiencies

Power from Nuclear Transmutation Basic nuclear energetics of fission and fusion of atomic nuclei Radiation hazards Nuclear fission power plants, new generation plants Prospects of nuclear fusion power

#### Fuel and Energy Distribution Infrastructure

Fuel transport, electrical grid (dumb and smart), cyber security, energy storage technologies,



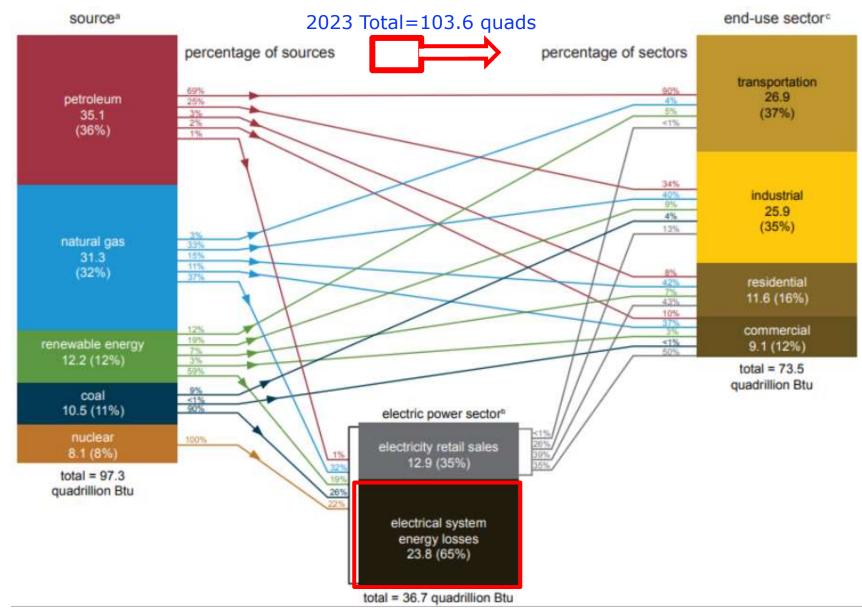
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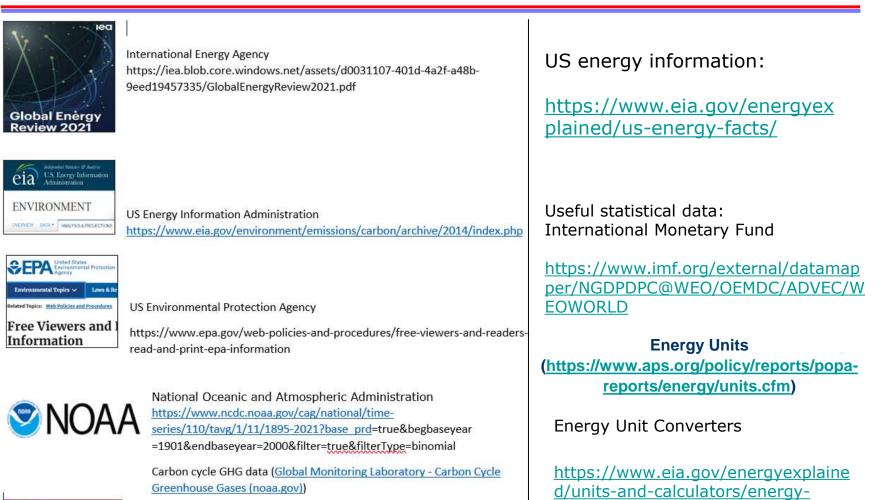
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# US Energy Consumption 2021 (quads Btu)



# Useful Links



Climate Data: "Copernicus" Applications and Tools

https://cds.climate.copernicus.eu/toolbox/doc/gallery/index.html

https://www.iea.org/data-andstatistics/data-tools/unit-converter

conversion-calculators.php

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# Common Energy Units

		Joules	BTU	Quads	kcal	mtce	boe	mtoe	m3 gas	ft3 gas	k₩h	T₩y
1 J :	=		9.479 E-4	9.479 E-19	2.39 E-3	3.414E-11	1.634E-12	2.234 E-11	2.684 E-8	9.48 E-7	2.78E-7	3.171 E-20
1 BTU :	=	1055		1 E-15	0.2522	3.602 E-8	1.724E-7	2.357 E-8	2.832 E-5	0.001	2.93E-4	3.345 E-17
1 QUAD :	=	1.055 E+18	1 E+15		252 E+12	3.602 E+7	1.724E+8	2.357 E+7	2.832 E+10	1 E+12	2.93E+11	0.03345
1 kcal :	=	4184	3.966	3.966 E-15		1.429 E-9	6.838 E-7	9.347 E-8	1.123 E-4	3.966 E-3	1.16E-3	1.327 E-16
l mtce :	=	29.29 E+9	27.76 E+6	27.76 E-9	7 E+6		4.786	0.6543	786.1	2.776 E+4	8,135	9.287 E-10
l boe :	=	6.119 E+9	5.8 E+6	5.8 E-9	1.462 E+6	0.2089		0.1367	164.2	5800	1,699	1.94 E-10
l mtoe :	=	44.76 E+9	42.43 E+6	42.43 E-9	1.07 E+7	1.528	7.315		1201	42,430	12,430	1.94 E-4
1 m3 gas :	=	37.26 E+6	35.31 E+3	35.31 E-12	8905	1.272 E-3	6.089 E-3	8.323 E-4		35.31	10.35	1.181 E-12
1 ft3 gas :	=	1.055 E+6	1000	1 E-12	252.2	3.6 E-5	1.724 E-4	2.357 E-5	0.02832		0.2930	3.345 E-14
1 kWh :	=	3.60E+6	3.41E+3	3.41E-12	860.39	1.228 E-4	5.88E-4	8.042E-05	0.096621	3.412		1.142E-13
1 TWy -	•	3.154 E+19	2.989 E+16	29.89	7.537 E+15	1.076 E+9	5.154E+9	7.045 E+8	8.464 E+11	2.989 E+13	8.76E+12	

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