This course is part of a rigorous introduction to the main concepts and results in positive political theory. It is the second half of a two course sequence consisting of PSC 407 and PSC 408. The sequence concentrates on the theoretical models used in contemporary political science, and provides the mathematical background necessary to fully understand them. The year-long sequence of PSC 407 and PSC 408 is designed to be both a rigorous foundation for students planning on taking further courses in the positive political theory field and a self-contained overview of the field for students who do not intend to do additional coursework in the field.

The bulk of this course will focus on the basics of game theory, which analyzes individual behavior in strategic situations. It will also cover the mathematical tools required to express the theory. Examples and applications will be drawn from several different areas in political science, including the American Congress, voting, international relations, political economy, and law. Naturally, PSC 407 is the prerequisite for this course. Students should have a good working knowledge of the mathematical topics covered there.

Course Work: Problem sets will be assigned roughly every other week. A midterm exam will be scheduled roughly the first week of March. The final exam is scheduled for Wednesday, May 7, at 12:30pm.

Course Readings: In addition to the two textbooks that were used in PSC 407:

- Simon and Blume, Mathematics for Economists, and
• Ordeshook, Game Theory and Political Theory.

the book by

• Osborne, An Introduction to Game Theory,

will serve as a reference for the non-cooperative game theory component of the class. Additional readings will be distributed during the semester.

**Schedule:** Below is the list of topics and the scheduled readings for the course. Naturally, this schedule may change as the semester unfolds.

**Topic 0 Overview and logistics of the course**

**Topic 1 Constrained Optimization**

Lagrange’s method, first and second order necessary conditions, sufficient conditions, comparative statics, Pareto optimality.

• Simon and Blume, chs. 17-19, 21.5.

**Topic 2 Expected Utility Theory**

Lotteries, expected utility, risk aversion, paradoxes, turnout.

• Ordeshook, sec. 1.5-1.7,
• Simon and Blume, appendix A5,
• Osborne, appendix 4.12.

**Topic 3 Strategic form games**

Weak and strong dominance, IEDS, pure strategy Nash equilibrium, mixed strategies, zero-sum games, continuous strategy spaces.

• Osborne, chs. 2-4,
• Ordeshook, sec. 3.5, 3.6, 3.8, 4.1-4.3.
**Topic 4 Electoral Competition**
Convergence, Candidate Motivations and Uncertainty.

- Osborne, chs. 3.4.
- Ordeshook, ch. 4.

**Topic 5 Collective Action**

- Osborne, chs. 4.8,
- Ordeshook, ch. 5.

**Topic 6 Extensive Form Games**
Strategies in the extensive form, information sets, backward induction, subgame perfection, credible threats.

- Osborne, chs. 5-7.
- Ordeshook, secs. 3.1-3.3, 3.7, 3.9, 6.4.

**Topic 7 Voting and Binary Agendas**
Sophisticated voting, Agenda Manipulation, Vote Buying.

- Osborne, secs. 6.1,6.3, 7.4.
- Ordeshook, secs. 6.1-6.4.

**Topic 8 Bargaining**

- Osborne, chs. 16.
• Nash, 1951, *Econometrica*,
• Rubinstein, 1982, *Econometrica*,
• Baron and Ferejohn, 1989, *APSR*.

**Topic 9 Repeated Games**

Folk Theorems.

• Osborne, chs. 14-15.