CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURE AND RIGHTS
PSC 223
Mr. Jackson
Fall 2013

COURSE SYLLABUS

Assigned reading has been posted on Blackboard as .pdf files under “Course Materials.”

This course concerns how the Constitution of the United States sets up the structure of government in three distinct ways: “Horizontal” (among the three branches of the federal government); “Vertical” (allocation of power between the federal government and states); and “Individual” (rights of individuals vis-à-vis the federal and state governments). In addition to the Constitution itself, the principal vehicle for our examination will be more than 200 years of Supreme Court opinions, starting with Marbury v. Madison in 1803. As a result, for most of the course, the issue is less an underlying normative one of whether the Constitution has set up the “right” structure, but, rather, the positive one of filling out the implications of the structure that the Constitution has, indeed, set up. But in that examination, it is essential to develop a sense of how well the Supreme Court is doing in explaining its outcomes in terms of the Constitution.

In the cases we will read, the Court is invariably construing the Constitution of the United States, either specific provisions or authority and limitations arising out of what the Court perceives to be the underlying structure embodied in the Constitution. In every case, you should make the effort to determine which provision is (or provisions are) involved and read the provision(s) carefully for yourself—the syllabus that follows does not “assign” specific provisions of the Constitution, but those provisions are the foundation of everything we will do in the course.

Week 1 (September 3): Course Introduction & The Nature of Judicial Review

Introduction

Orin Kerr, “How to Read a Legal Opinion”
The Foundations of Judicial Review

*Marbury v. Madison*
Sections 13 & 14 of the Judiciary Act of 1789
*Hayburn's Case* [read in light of *Marbury v. Madison*]
*Stuart v. Laird* [read in light of *Marbury v. Madison*]

Weeks 2 · 6 (September 10, 17 & 24; October 1 & 15): Legislative, Executive, & Judicial

“Horizontal” Structure: Judicial Review and its Limits

*Lujan v. Defenders of Wildlife*
*Massachusetts v. EPA*
*United States v. Windsor* [I]
*Hollingsworth v. Perry*
  Note on Taxpayer Standing
*Powell v. McCormack*
  Note on *Walter Nixon v. United States*

“Horizontal” Structure: Separation of Powers

*Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. v. Sawyer*
*Dames & Moore v. Regan*
  Note on *United States v. Belmont*
*Goldwater v. Carter*
  Note on *INS v. Chadha* and *Clinton v. City of New York*
*Morrison v. Olson*
  Note on *Bowsher v. Sinar*
  Note on *Free Enterprise Fund v. PCAOB*
*United States v. Nixon*
  Note on Presidential Immunity from Civil Actions
  Impeachment: (Read Art. I, §2, cl. 5 and § 3, cl.6 & 7; Art. II, § 4

Issues Involving “Horizontal” Structure That Also Implicate Individual Rights:
Enemy Combatants, Executive Detention, and Habeas Corpus

*Ex Parte Milligan*
  Applicable Provisions as an Aid from *Quirin to Boumediene*
*Ex Parte Quirin*
*Johnson v. Eisentrager*
*Hamdi v. Rumsfeld*
  Note on *Hamdan v. Rumsfeld*
Boumediene v. Bush
Note on Al-Maqaleh v. Gates

Weeks 7–8 (October 22 & 29): Federal & State

“Vertical” Structure: Judicial Review

Martin v. Hunter’s Lessee

“Vertical” Structure: The Nature of the Relationship of the States to the Nation

McCulloch v. Maryland
U.S. Term Limits, Inc. v. Thornton

“Vertical” Structure: Constitutional Limits on the Reach of the Federal Government: Enumerated Powers

National Federation of Independent Business v. Sebelius
[Note “break-out” readings in the areas that follow]

Background
Roberts, pp. 1–15 (to “III”); 58 (from “***”) – 59
Scalia, pp. 1·4 (to “I”); 64 (from “***”) – 65

Taxing Power
United States v. Butler
Bailey v. Drexel Furniture Co.
Note on Helvering v. Davis
Roberts, pp. 31–45 (to “IV”)
Scalia, pp. 16 (from “II”) – 28 (to “IV”)

Commerce Clause
Wickard v. Filburn
United States v. Lopez
Note on United States v. Morrison and Gonzales v. Raich
Roberts, pp. 15 (from “III”) – 27 (to “2”)
Ginsburg, pp. 1 – 31 (to “III”)
Scalia, pp. 4 (from “I”) – 16 (to “II”)
Thomas, pp. 1 · 2

Necessary and Proper Clause
United States v. Comstock
Roberts, pp. 27 (from “2”) – 30
Ginsburg, pp. 31 (from “III”) · 37

Spending Power & State Autonomy as a Limit on Federal Powers
South Dakota v. Dole
New York v. United States
Roberts, pp. 45 (from “IV”) – 58 (to “***”)
"Vertical" Structure: Original Constitutional Limits on State Regulation

Philadelphia v. New Jersey
Note on C & A Carbone, Inc. v. Clarkstown and United Haulers Ass’n v. Oneida-Herkimer Solid Waste Management Authority
Corfield v. Coryell
Note on United Building & Construction Trades Council v. Mayor and Council of Camden

Week 9 (November 5)

Mid-Term
Orin Kerr on How to Answer an Exam

Weeks 10 - 15 (November 12, 19 & 26; December 3 & 10): Government & Individual

Individual Rights: Privileges or Immunities & Due Process

14th Amendment Privileges or Immunities
Barron v. Mayor and City Council of Baltimore
Note on the 14th Amendment “Privileges or Immunities” Clause
Slaughter-House Cases
U.S. v. Cruikshank
Note on 20th Century Efforts to Revisit the 14th Amendment’s Privileges or Immunities Clause

14th Amendment: Due Process & “Incorporation”
Note on “Incorporation” of the Bill of Rights to Apply to States via the 14th Amendment’s Due Process Clause

14th Amendment: Due Process and Economic Protection
Lochner v. New York
United States v. Carolene Products Co.
Williamson v. Lee Optical of Oklahoma
The “Takings” Clause and Economic Protection
Kelo v. City of New London
Nollan v. California Coastal Comm’n
The “Contracts Clause” and Economic Protection
Note on the “Contracts Clause” of Article I, Section 10
Home Building & Loan Ass’n v. Blaisdell
Note on *Allied Structural Steel Co. v. Spannus*

The 14th Amendment: Due Process and the Protection of Fundamental Rights

*Griswold v. Connecticut*

*Lawrence v. Texas*

*Roe v. Wade*

Note on the Aftermath of *Roe v. Wade*

*Washington v. Glucksberg*

**Individual Rights: Equal Protection**

The 14th Amendment: Equal Protection and Race

*Brown v. Board of Education*

Note on *Bolling v. Sharpe*

*Loving v. Virginia*

*Washington v. Davis*

The 14th Amendment: Equal Protection and Race-Based Affirmative Action

*Regents of University of California v. Bakke*

Note on *Grutter v. Bollinger* and *Gratz v. Bollinger*

*Fisher v. University of Texas*

*Parents Involved in Community Schools v. Seattle School District No. 1*

Note on Minority “Set-Aside” Programs

The 14th Amendment and Redistricting

Note on Political Redistricting and Equal Protection

*Shaw v. Reno*

The 14th Amendment: Equal Protection and Other Classifications

*Craig v. Boren*

*United States v. Virginia*

Note on Sex-Based Legislation and the Equal Protection Clause

*Cleburne v. Cleburne Living Center, Inc.*

Note on Alienation as a Suspect Class

*Romer v. Evans*

*United States v. Windsor* [II]

**Course Wrap-Up**